

2006 AP[®] CHEMISTRY FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS

CHEMISTRY

Section II

(Total time—90 minutes)

Part A

Time—40 minutes

YOU MAY USE YOUR CALCULATOR FOR PART A.

CLEARLY SHOW THE METHOD USED AND THE STEPS INVOLVED IN ARRIVING AT YOUR ANSWERS. It is to your advantage to do this, since you may obtain partial credit if you do and you will receive little or no credit if you do not. Attention should be paid to significant figures.

Be sure to write all your answers to the questions on the lined pages following each question in the booklet with the pink cover. Do NOT write your answers on the green insert.

Answer Question 1 below. The Section II score weighting for this question is 20 percent.

1. Answer the following questions that relate to solubility of salts of lead and barium.
 - (a) A saturated solution is prepared by adding excess $\text{PbI}_2(s)$ to distilled water to form 1.0 L of solution at 25°C. The concentration of $\text{Pb}^{2+}(aq)$ in the saturated solution is found to be $1.3 \times 10^{-3} M$. The chemical equation for the dissolution of $\text{PbI}_2(s)$ in water is shown below.
$$\text{PbI}_2(s) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+}(aq) + 2 \text{I}^{-}(aq)$$
 - (i) Write the equilibrium-constant expression for the equation.
 - (ii) Calculate the molar concentration of $\text{I}^{-}(aq)$ in the solution.
 - (iii) Calculate the value of the equilibrium constant, K_{sp} .
 - (b) A saturated solution is prepared by adding $\text{PbI}_2(s)$ to distilled water to form 2.0 L of solution at 25°C. What are the molar concentrations of $\text{Pb}^{2+}(aq)$ and $\text{I}^{-}(aq)$ in the solution? Justify your answer.
 - (c) Solid NaI is added to a saturated solution of PbI_2 at 25°C. Assuming that the volume of the solution does not change, does the molar concentration of $\text{Pb}^{2+}(aq)$ in the solution increase, decrease, or remain the same? Justify your answer.
 - (d) The value of K_{sp} for the salt BaCrO_4 is 1.2×10^{-10} . When a 500. mL sample of $8.2 \times 10^{-6} M$ $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ is added to 500. mL of $8.2 \times 10^{-6} M$ Na_2CrO_4 , no precipitate is observed.
 - (i) Assuming that volumes are additive, calculate the molar concentrations of $\text{Ba}^{2+}(aq)$ and $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}(aq)$ in the 1.00 L of solution.
 - (ii) Use the molar concentrations of $\text{Ba}^{2+}(aq)$ ions and $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}(aq)$ ions as determined above to show why a precipitate does not form. You must include a calculation as part of your answer.

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